A Patient with Heart Failure & Triple CTO Managed by PCI

Complex PCI 2017 – Seoul, 30th Nov., 2017

Professor Cheuk-Man YU



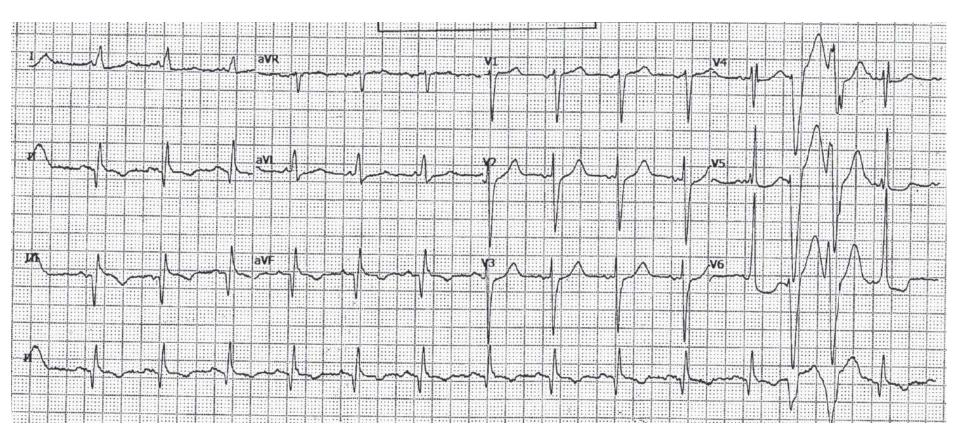
MBChB, MRCP, FHKCP, FHKAM, FRACP, MD, FRCP(Edin/London), FESC, FACC Director of Heart Centre, Hong Kong Baptist Hospital Honorary Clinical Professor, The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Case History - 1

- Male / 74 year-old
- Early July 2017: CHF, with SOB and ankle swelling
- Hx of NST-ACS in 2014, no further coronary work up done. Angina symptoms for months
- NIDDM x 10+ yrs, on OHA and Insulin
- Hypertension x 10+ yrs
- Hyperlipidaemia on statin
- COPD with fibrotic changes in CXR
- CKD, Creatinine 150µmol/L range, no proteinuria
- Gout
- Chronic smoker x 40 pack-yrs, quitted 10 yrs ago
- Previous SOB, was thought related to COPD















Case History - 2

- CXR: cardiomegaly, pulmonary congestion
- ECG: SR with frequent PVCs
- Echo: Dilated LV, enlarged LA. Global hypokinesia of LV, with focal aneurysm at basal inferior wall. Ejection fraction 36%, Restrictive filling pattern of LVDD, moderate MR, mild TR, elevated PASP
- Blood tests: impaired RFT. Creatinine: 170+µmol/L; NTproBNP: 2500+
- Diagnosis: CHF, Ischemic cardiomyopathy. DM



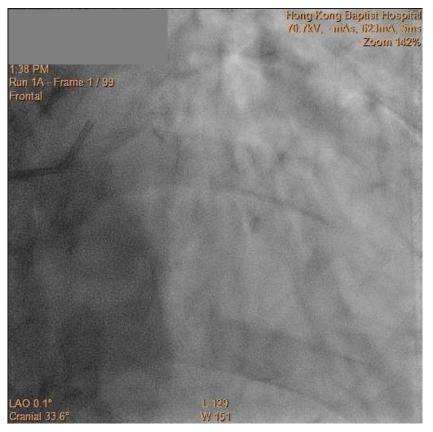
Case Presentation : Medications

- IV Lasix 40-60mg/day, Slow K
- Cartia 100mg daily, Plavix 75mg daily
- Entresto 50mg BD,
- Pantoloc 20mg daily, Lipitor 10mg daily
- Lantus Insulin, Linagliptin
- Febuxostat 40mg daily
- Others: Harnal 0.4mg N, Vannair, Spiriva, N-Acetylcysteine
- Dopamine infusion (renal dosage)
- Concor 1.25mg OM when CHF symptoms controlled



Coronary Angiography : ostial LAD CTO

AP Cranial: ostial LAD CTO, with tiny stump



LAO Caudal: LAD CTO, ramus & LCX: mild to mod disease

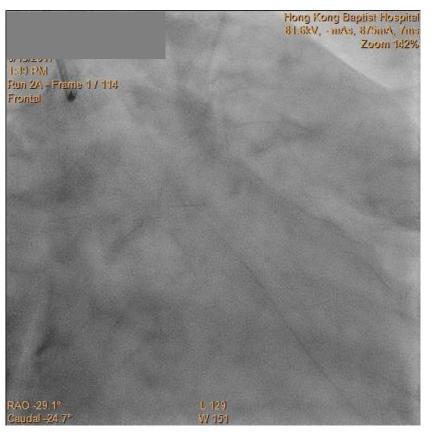


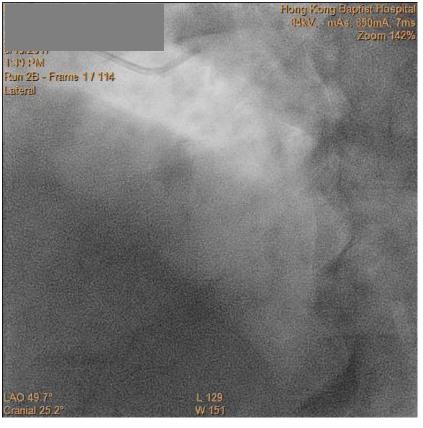


Coronary Angiography : ostial LAD CTO & ?mLAD CTO

RAO Caudal: some collateral to LAD

LAO cranial: collaterals to mid LAD. ?Double CTO





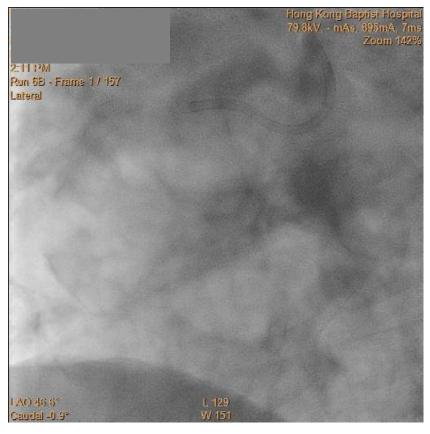


Coronary Angiography : proximal RCA CTO

RAO: proximal RCA CTO, collaterals to LAD



LAO: proximal RCA CTO





Coronary Angiogram:

- PRCA CTO, some R to R collaterals. L to R collaterals not well formed
- LAO CTO (?double CTO), R to L collaterals not well formed
- LCX CTO in 2 small OM branches, with relatively normal OM3. Some small collaterals to RCA and LAD



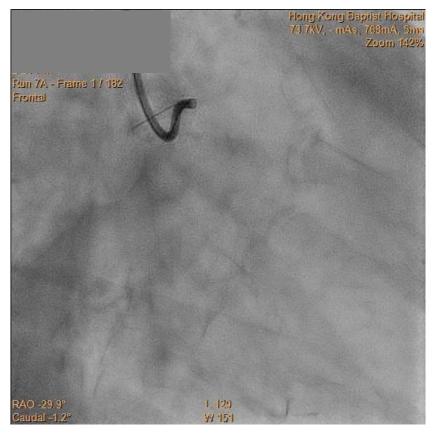


- Heart failure improved with medications
- Patient refused CABG, and CT surgeon also reluctant for surgery in view CHF, COPD, low EF and CKD
- Consulted renal physician for dialysis support post-PCI
- Patient and family opted for PCI, and proceeded on 15-8-2017 to RCA CTO

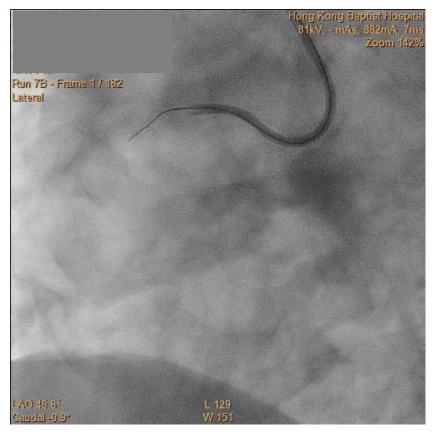


PCI for RCA CTO : Finecross with XTa

RAO: Finecross with XTa



LAO: unable to penetrate the CTO



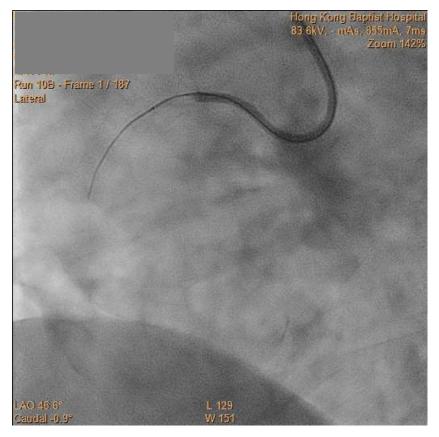


PCI for RCA CTO : Finecross with Gaia 1st

RAO: sub-intimal tract



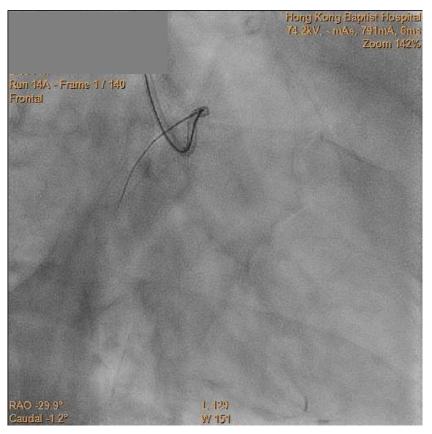
LAO:

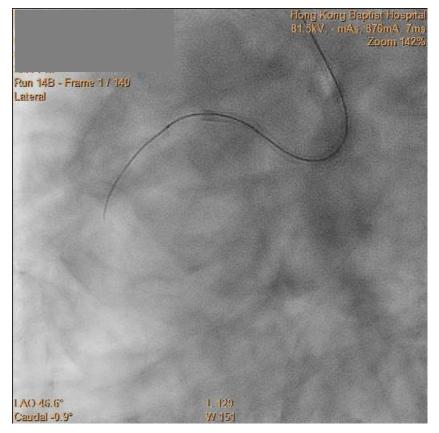




PCI for RCA CTO : Finecross with Gaia 1st

RAO: still sub-intimal tract LAO:



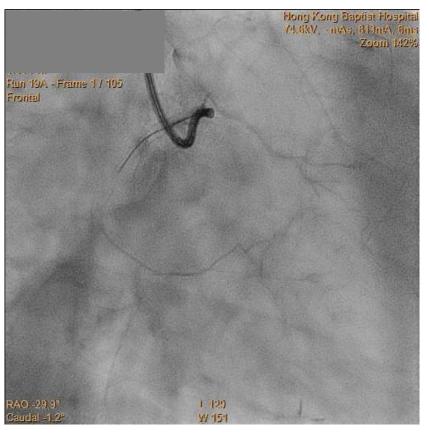




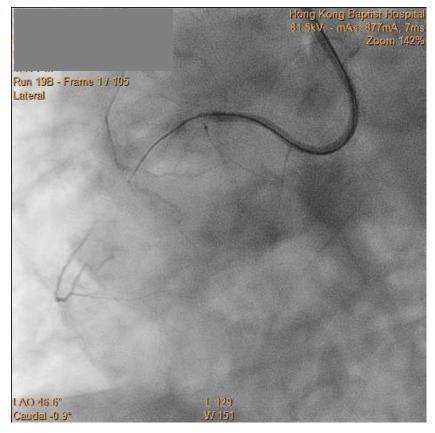
PCI for RCA CTO : Finecross with Gaia

2nd

RAO: Gaia 2nd went a luminal course



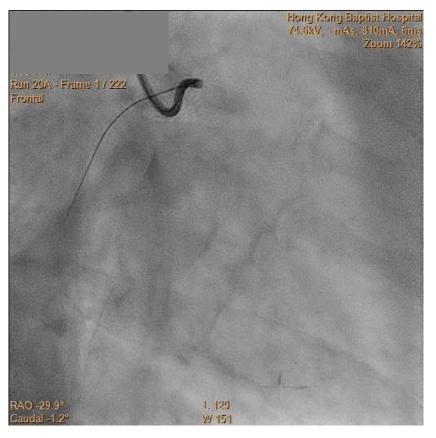
LAO: Confirmed correct direction of Gaia 2nd



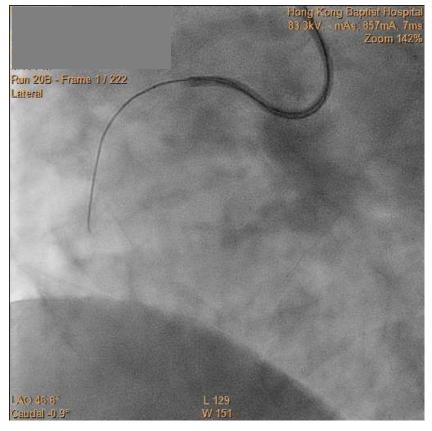


PCI for RCA CTO : Finecross with Gaia 2nd

RAO: Gaia 2nd crossed CTO



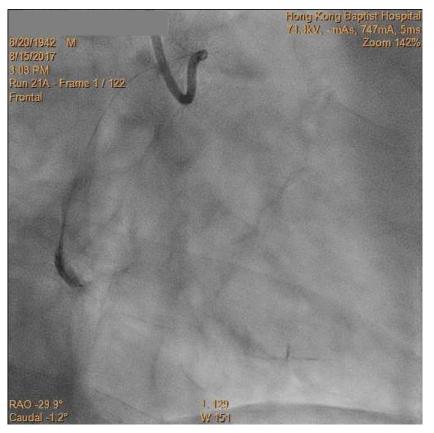
LAO: Gaia 2nd rotating freely



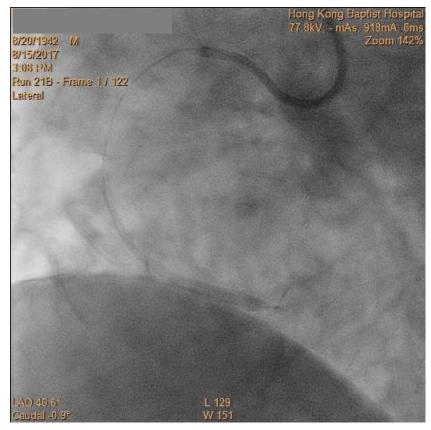


PCI for RCA CTO : Contrast injection at Finecross

RAO: Confirmed true lumen distal to CTO



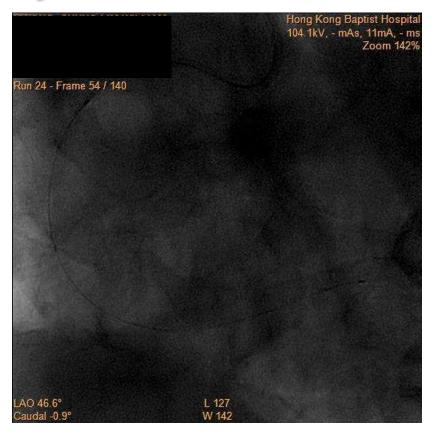
LAO: PLV did not show up





PCI for RCA CTO : POBA to p-mRCA

RAO: POBA to p-mRCA by 1.5mm balloon

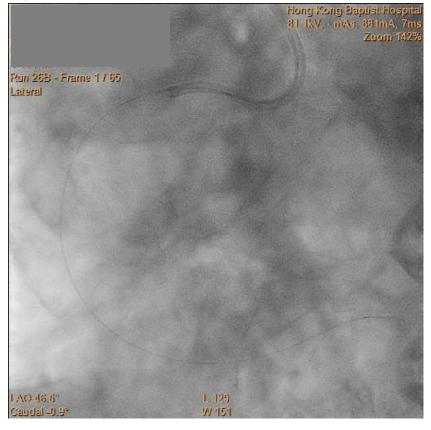




PCI for RCA CTO : Angiogram suspected PLV disease

RAO: Large RV branch Hone Yone Baptist Hospital 74.9kV, - mAst 324mA, 6ms Zoom 142% Run 26A - Frame 1 / 65 1, 129 WV 151

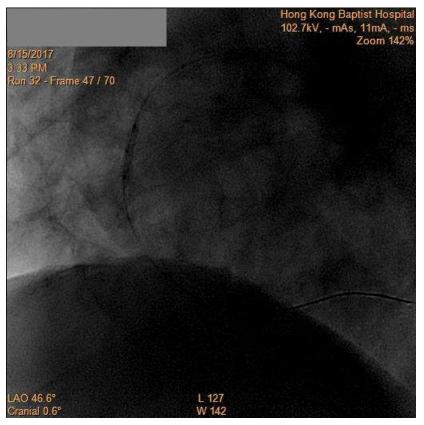
LAO: Still distal flow not good





PCI for RCA CTO : POBA to p-mRCA

POBA to p-mRCA by 2.5mm balloon



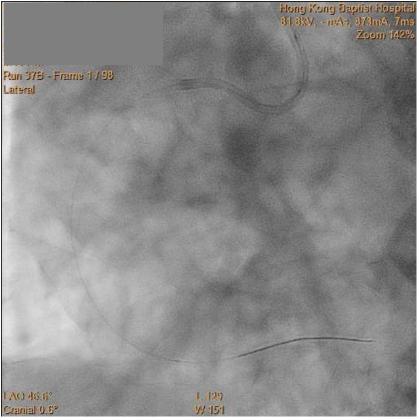


PCI for RCA CTO : Angiogram showed PLV disease

LAO: significant PLV disease



RAO:



\$

PCI for RCA CTO : POBA to PLV

POBA to PLV by 2.5mm balloon



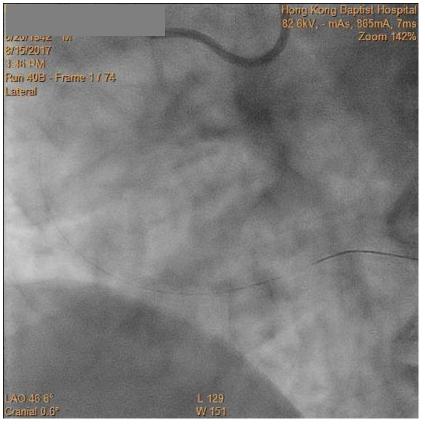


PCI for RCA CTO : Angiogram before stenting

RAO: Collateral to LAD seen



LAO: Regain good RCA flow

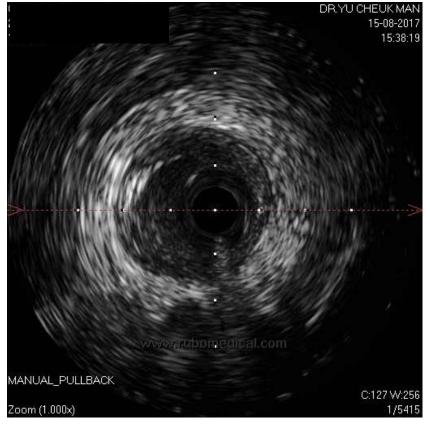




PCI for RCA CTO : IVUS guided stenting

IVUS by OptiCross (BS)

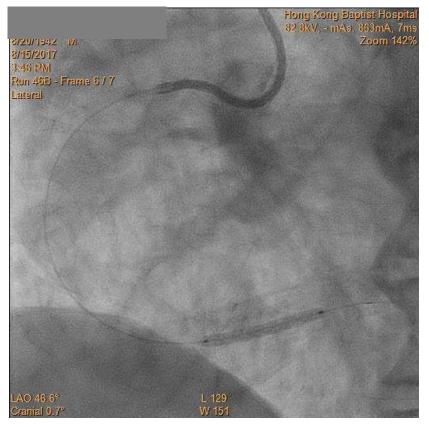
- Guidewire in true lumen for the whole course
- Determine sizing of stents





PCI for RCA CTO : Stenting to PLV

PLV by 3.0x24mm BioFreedom



Post-dilate PLV by 3.0x13mm NC balloon up to 18 atm



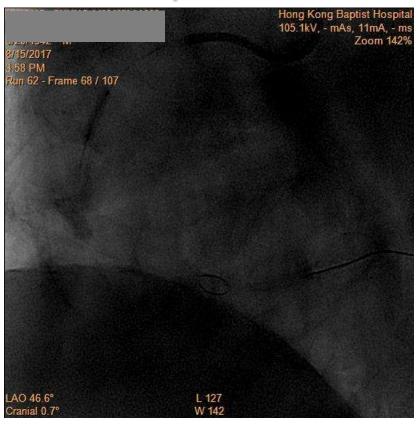


PCI for RCA CTO : Distal protection by Filter Wire, the POBA to p-mRCA

Filter Wire deployed at dRCA



POBA to p-mRCA by 3.0x13mm NC balloon up to 18 atm



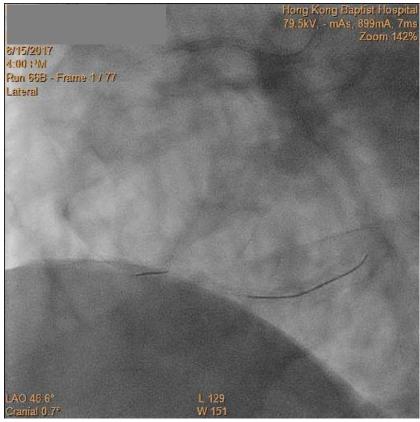


PCI for RCA CTO : Angiogram

RAO



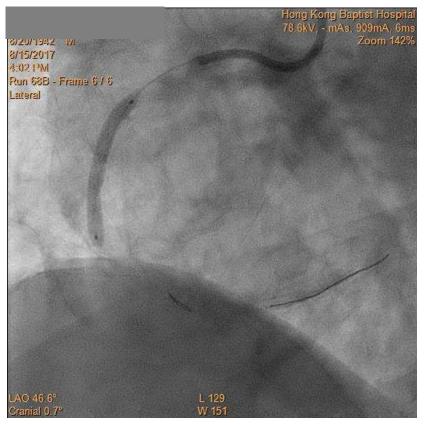
LAO: Good flow at RCA



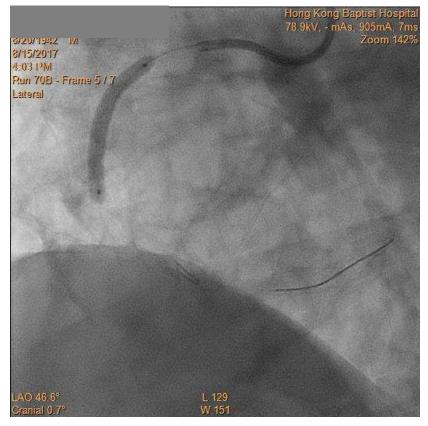


PCI for RCA CTO : Stenting to p-mRCA

Stent: 3.5x36mm BioFreedom at 10 atm



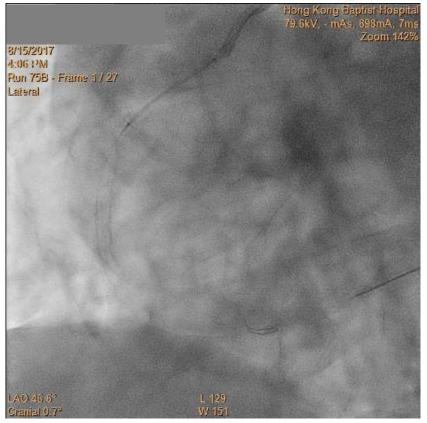
Stent balloon at 14 atm



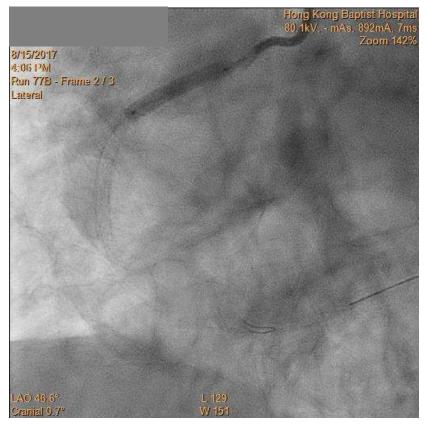


PCI for RCA CTO : Stenting to pRCA

LAO: Stent positioning



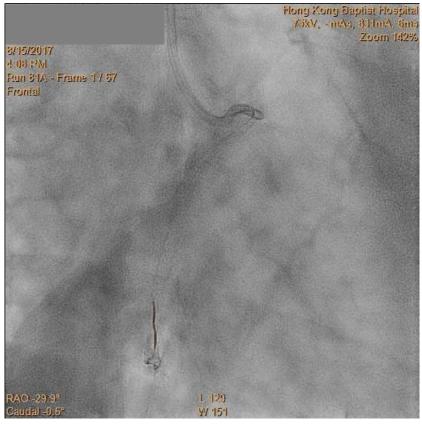
Stent: 4.0x24mm BioFreedom at $10 \rightarrow 13$ atm





PCI for RCA CTO : Angiogram after Stenting to p-mRCA

RAO



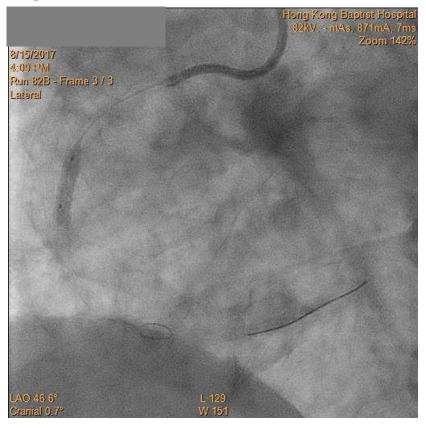
LAO





PCI for RCA CTO : Post-dilate RCA stents

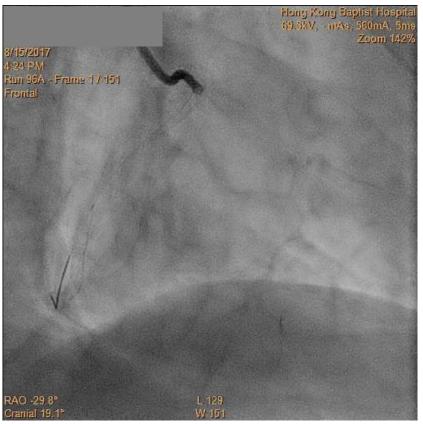
By 4.0x13mm NC balloon up to 18 atm



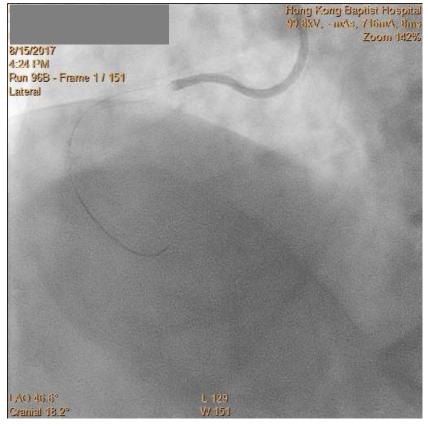


PCI for RCA CTO : Final Angiogram

RAO: Retrograde Collaterals to LAD



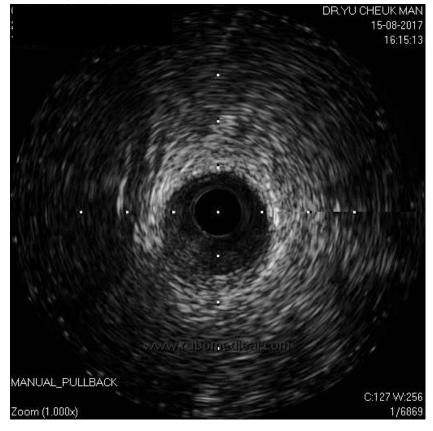
LAO: TIMI 3 flow, all branches preserved





PCI for RCA CTO : Final IVUS to RCA

- Excellent stent expansion and apposition
- No subintimal tract





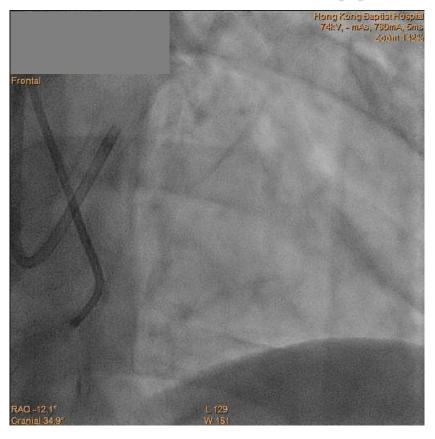
Progress Post-PCI

- Temporary hemodialysis-F support at dialysis centre on 15-8-2017
- Creatinine peaked at 256µmol/L (17-8-2017), then decrease to about 190+µmol/L
- Stable control for HF symptoms, euvolumic
- Stable BP, pulse & H'stix
- Staging PCI to LAD CTO (suspected double CTO) 4 days later

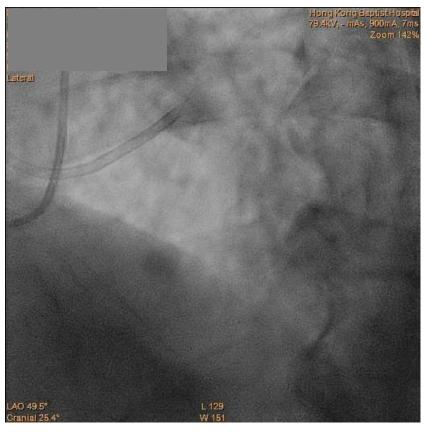


PCI to LAD: double CTO at proximal & distal LAD

R radial x Guider: EBU 4 \rightarrow XB 4, 7F; better support L ra



L radial x JR 5



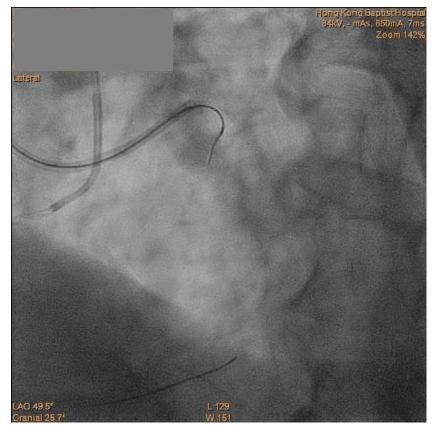


PCI to LAD: Caravel with XTa

MC: Caravel; GW: XTa

Flong Kong Bapitat Hospie 74.2kV, - mAs, 789mA, 6ms /oom 1499 Frontal

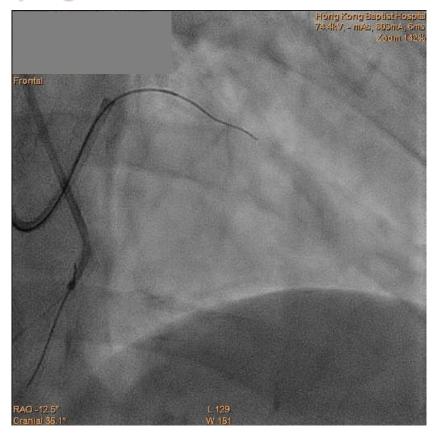
Attempting to cross 1st CTO, but failed



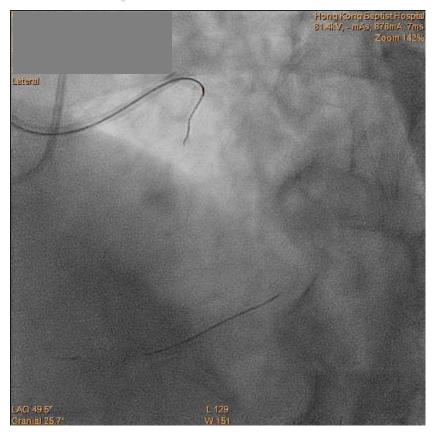


PCI to LAD: Caravel with Gaia 1st

A few attempts, Gaia 1st in good progress towards CTO



Retrograde injection to confirm Gaia 1st position

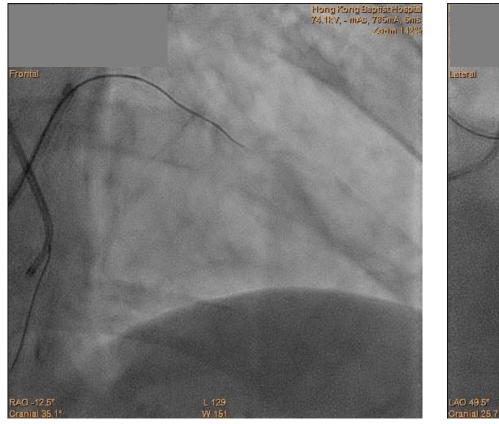


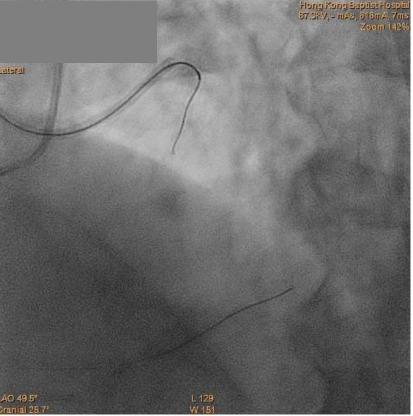


PCI to LAD: Caravel failed to cross pLAD CTO

Gaia 1st crossed pLAD CTO

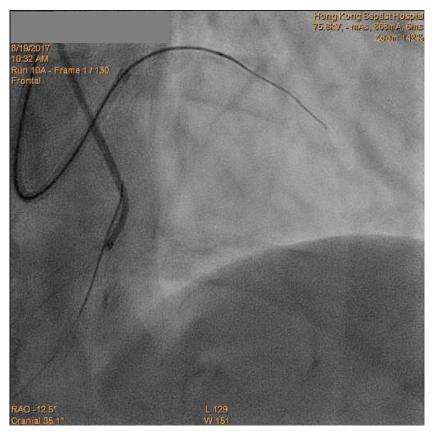
But Caravel failed to cross pLAD CTO



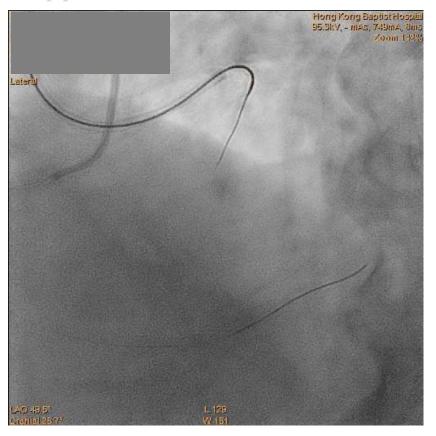


PCI to LAD: Changed to Corsair, still failed

Corsair with Gaia 1st



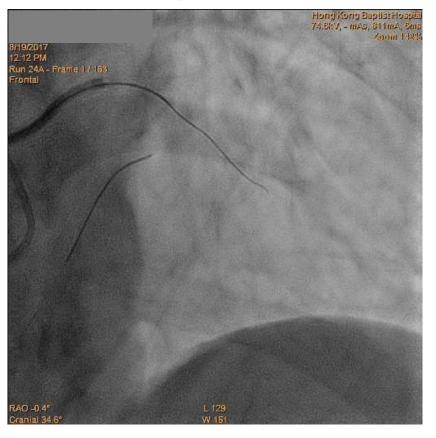
Corsair still failed to cross pLAD CTO, inadequate Guider support



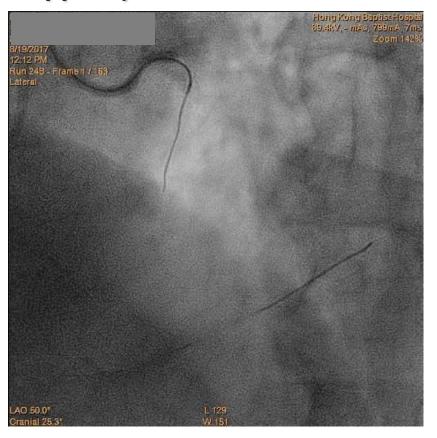


PCI to LAD: Changed Guider to AL1.5 7F

Caravel with Gaia 1st, recrossed pLAD CTO



Caravel remain failed to cross CTO (better but still inadequate support!)



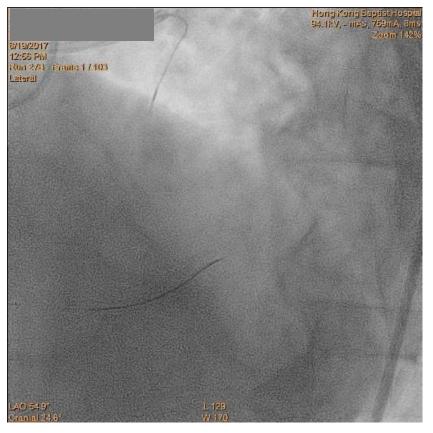


PCI to LAD: Switched to R femoral approach

Guider: EBU 4.5 7F Caravel and XTa, Caravel crossed pLAD CTO!

Angiogram via Caravel: No stump at trifurcation to Diagonal and Septal

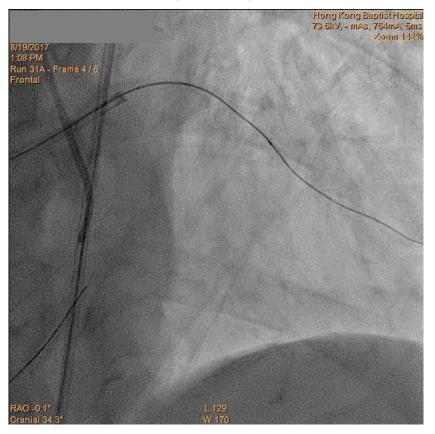




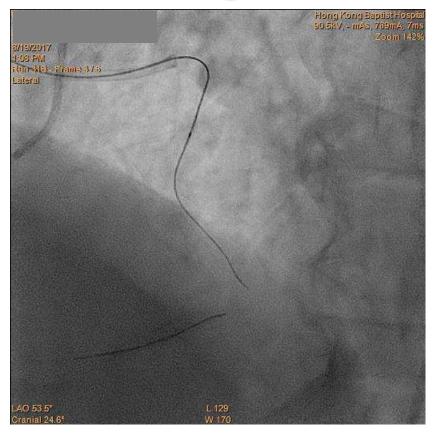


PCI to LAD: POBA to p-mLAD

XTa at D2 beyond pLAD CTO



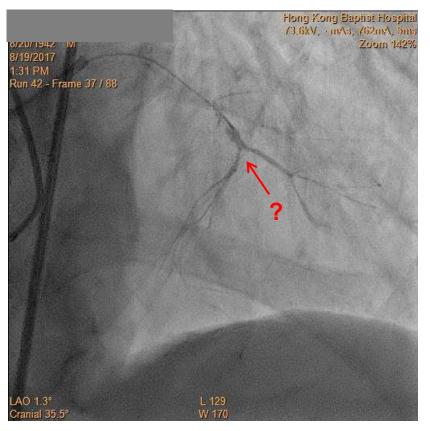
POBA by 1.0x10mm @ 16 atm, then 1.5x10mm @ 12 atm



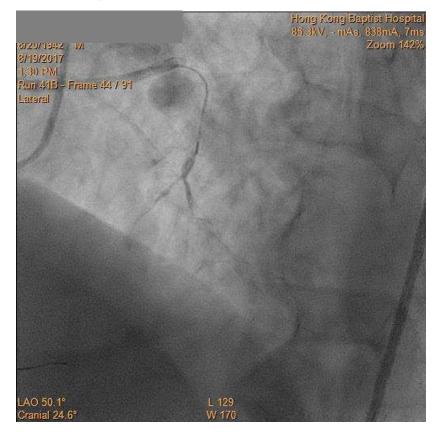


PCI to LAD: Selective Angiogram at Caravel

AP Cranial: no dLAD stump at trifucation!



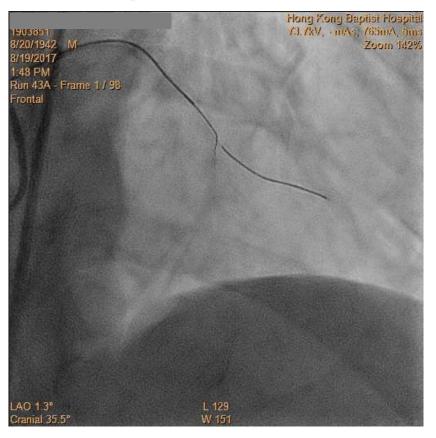
LAO Cranial: no dLAD stump at trifucation!



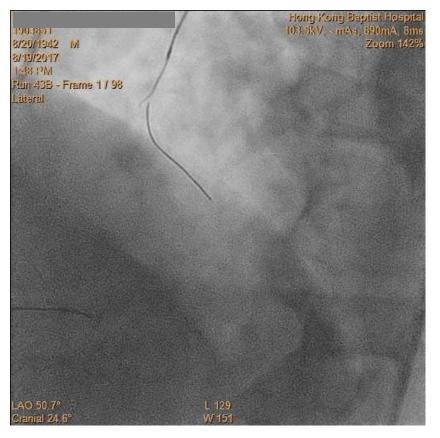


PCI to LAD: Attempted to cross dLAD CTO

Caravel with XTa, then Gaia 1st, then Gaia 2nd



Unable to cross CTO



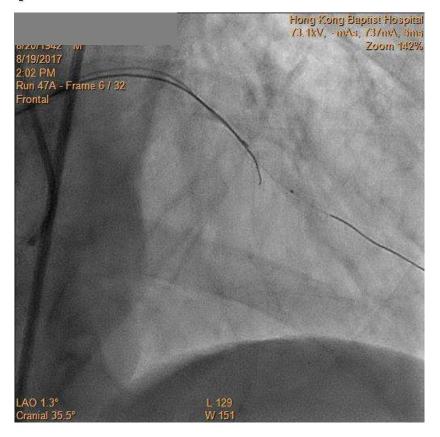


PCI to LAD: POBA to p-mLAD then IVUS

POBA to p-mLAD by 2.5x15mm balloon @ 8 atm

Hong Kong Baptist Hospital 12.6kV, +mAs, /12mA, 5ms Zoom 142% 0/20/1342 8/19/2017 59 PM Run 44A - Frame 6 / 6 Frontal AO 1.3° L 129 ranial 35.5° W 151

IVUS at D2 to guide CTO wire, but D2 lesion and unable to pass catheter





PCI to LAD: POBA to D2

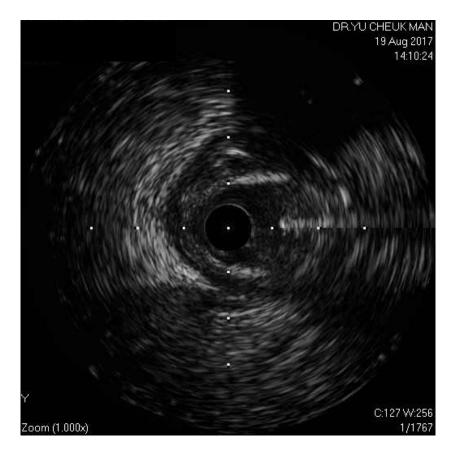
POBA to D2 by 1.5x15mm @16 atm

IVUS able to pass to D2 to guide CTO GW





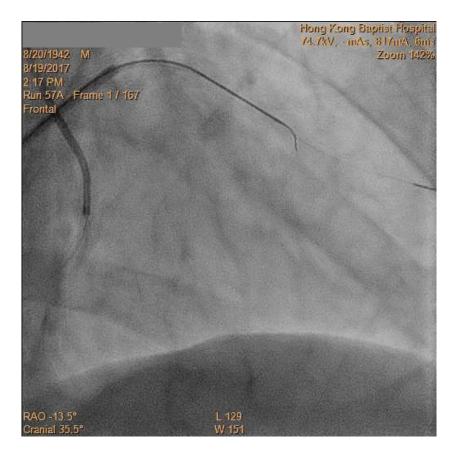
PCI to LAD: IVUS at D2 to guide CTO entry

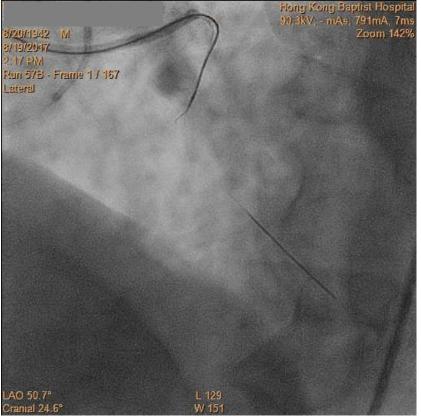


- IVUS: still unable to locate clearly the origin of dLAD
- Due to calcification?, or dLAD stump some distance beyond origin of D2?



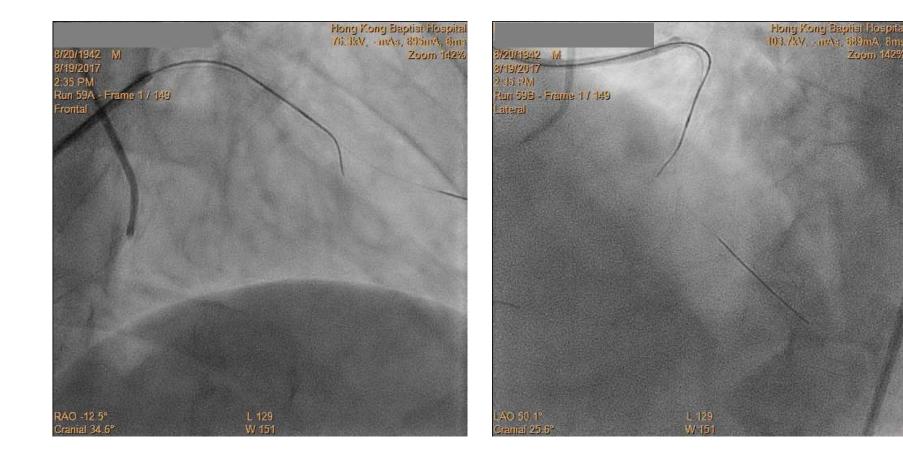
PCI to LAD: Attempt to entry dLAD by Caravel and Gaia 3rd







PCI to LAD: Attempt to entry dLAD by Caravel and Gaia 3rd – some progress

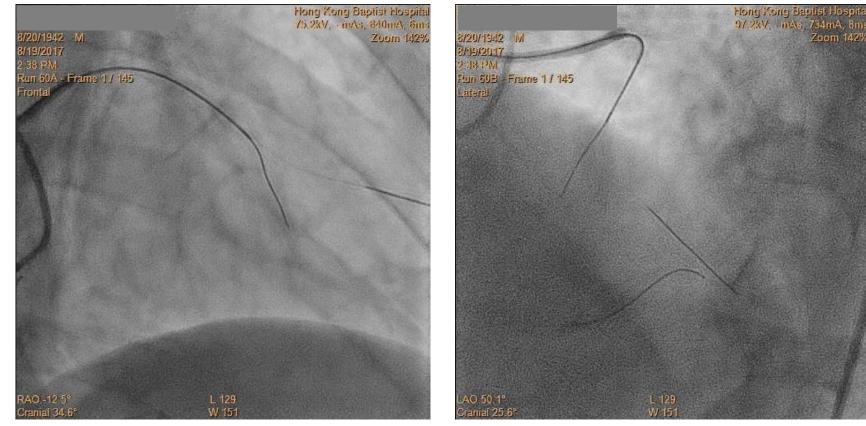




Zoom 142%

PCI to LAD: Attempt to entry dLAD by Caravel and Gaia 3rd – crossed CTO

Gaia 3rd rotating inside true lumen





Zoom 1429

PCI to LAD: Gaia 3rd crossed dLAD CTO

Gaia 3rd inside true lumen of very distal LAD



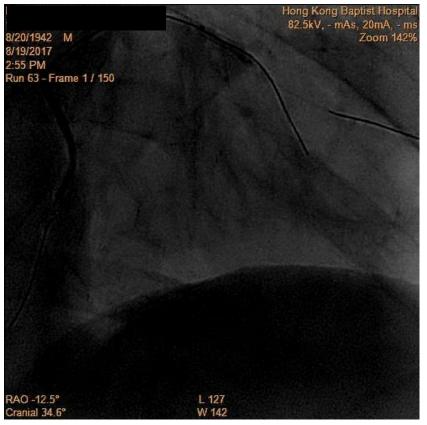


Procedure Not close to the end!

Attempted to track Caravel to dLAD

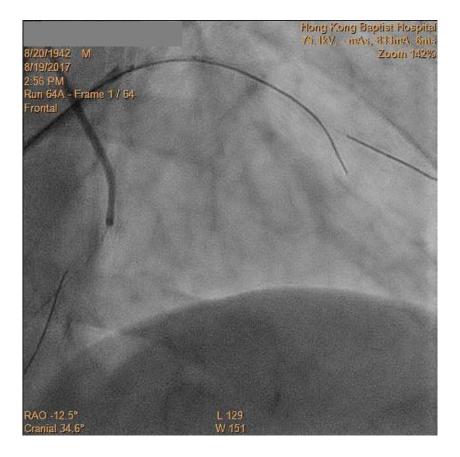
- Caravel stuck at the dLAD CTO region & failed to proceed further during extensive maneuvering
- Attempt to remove Caravel & change MC, but Caravel shaft moving out with minimal movement of its opaque tip!

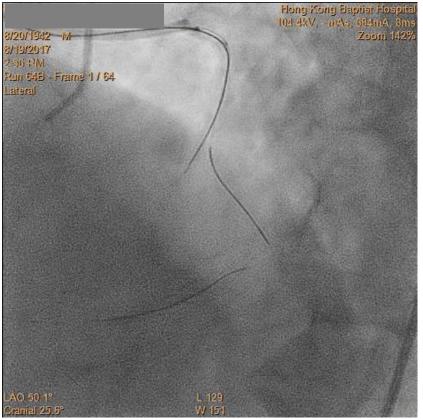
Trapping balloon at mLAD, but Caravel radiopaque tip still failed to retract!





Opaque tip of Caravel stuck with Gaia 3rd

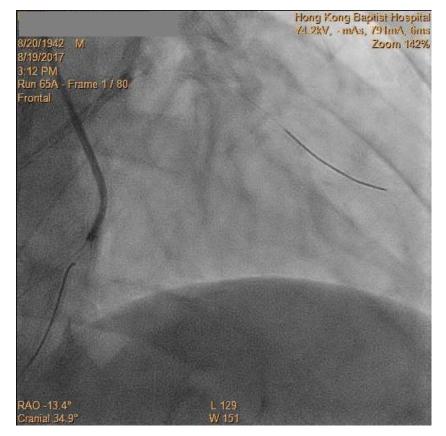






Gaia 3rd removed – Cavael tip fractured

- Opaque junction of Caravel tip was retrieved with Gaia 3rd after secured by Amplatz gooseneck snare
- Found Caravel tip fractured (during maneuvering), & stuck with Gaia 3rd
- Rest of Caravel was intact
- Angiogram: no vessel damage
- But need to start again!

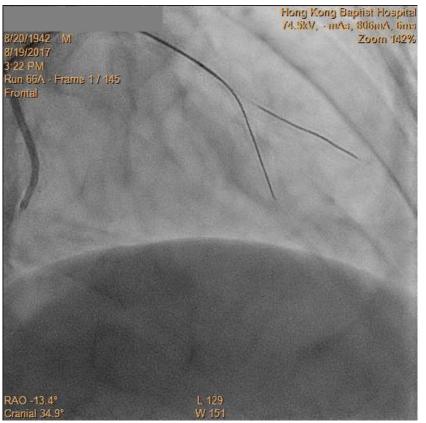


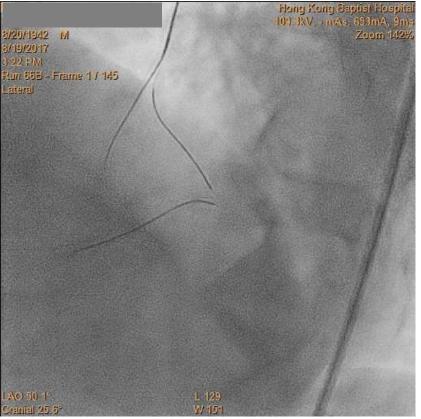


Restart dLAD CTO crossing: Corsair with new Gaia 3rd

Tip of Gaia 3rd in subintimal tract





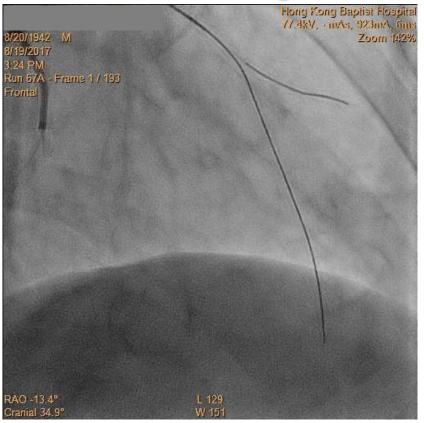


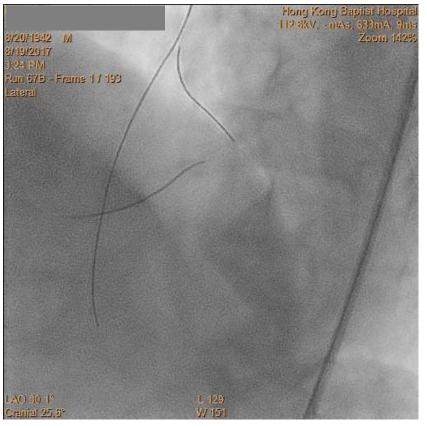


Restart dLAD CTO crossing: Corsair with Gaia 3rd – some progress

Tip of Gaia 3rd in subintimal tract again

GW retracted & adjusted direction

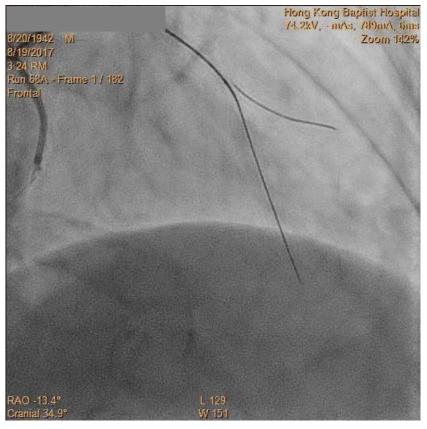




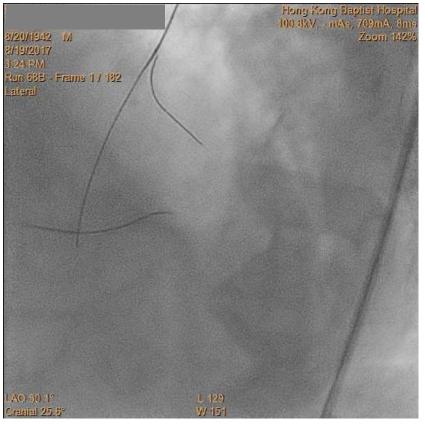


Restart dLAD CTO crossing: Gaia 3rd reach true lumen of dLAD

Gaia 3rd in true luminal course



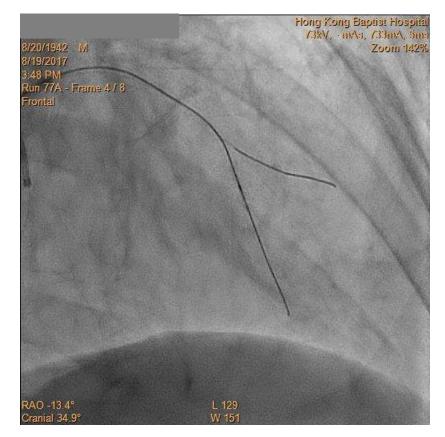
GW tip if free to rotate





Corsair failed to advance through the dLAD CTO!

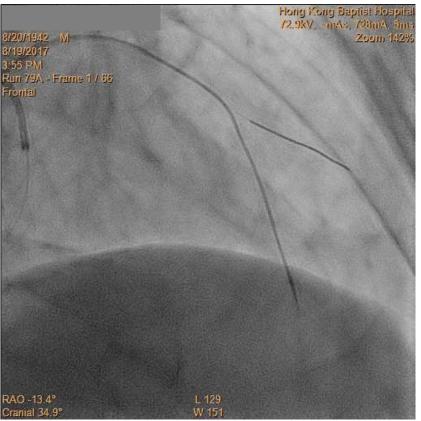
- Corsair removed by trapping balloon at D1 wire
- POBA to dLAD by 1.25x10mm balloon at 10 atm → balloon ruptured!
- Another 1.25mm balloon with POBA @ 8-10atm
- Corsair able to cross CTO
- Exchanged to Runthrough NS Hypercoat GW





Corsair advance through dLAD CTO, & POBA to m-dLAD

Corsair injection: confirmed true lumen



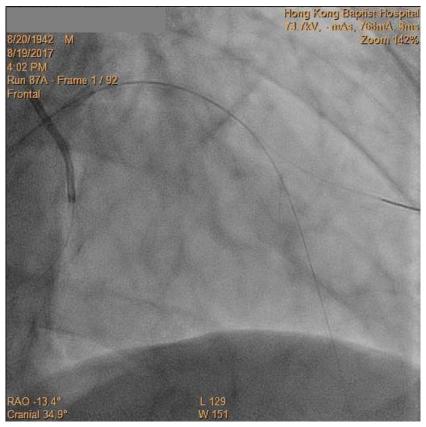
POBA to m-dLAD by 2.0x15mm balloon @ 6-10 atm



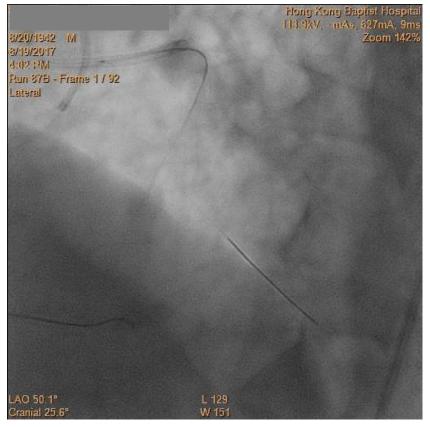


Post-POBA angiogram

AP Cranial



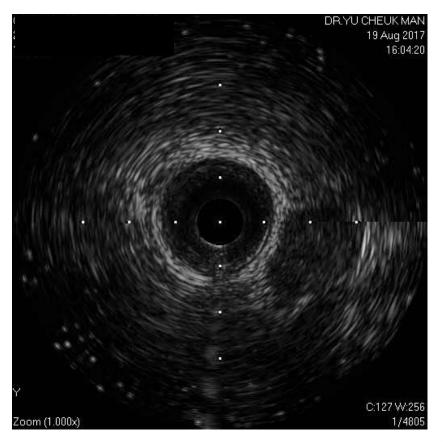
LAO cranial





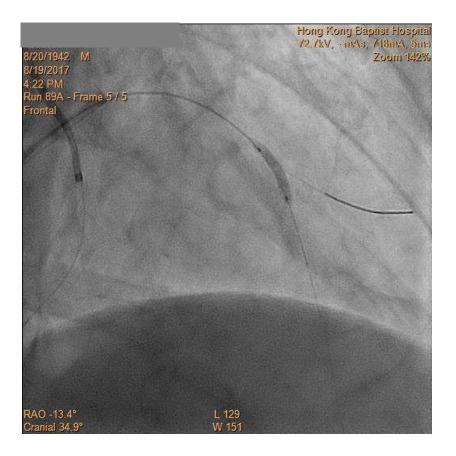
IVUS to LAD

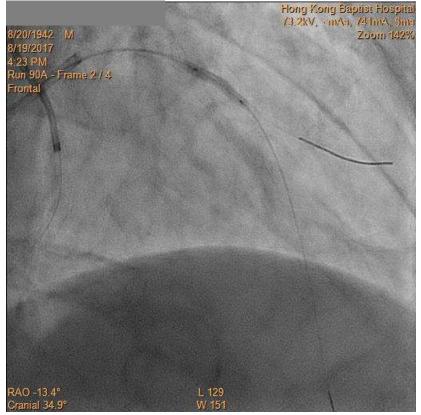
- Whole GW course at true lumen (for both CTO)
- Significant plaque burden in from proximal to distal LAD
- Guide sizing of stents





Further POBA to p-m-dLAD: by 2.5 x 15mm balloon @ 6-10 atm

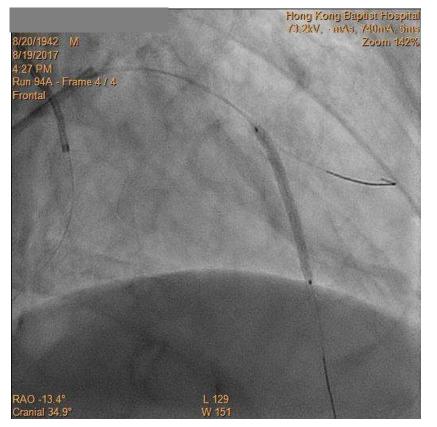




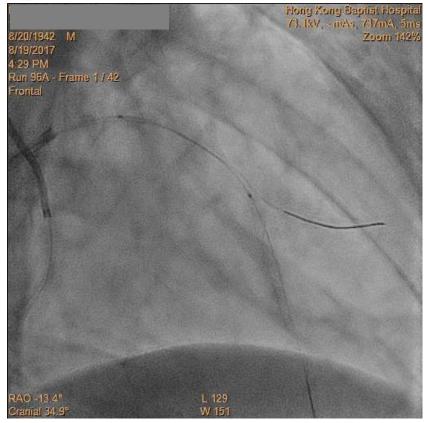


Stenting to dLAD

By BioFreedom 2.5x36mm at 8 atm



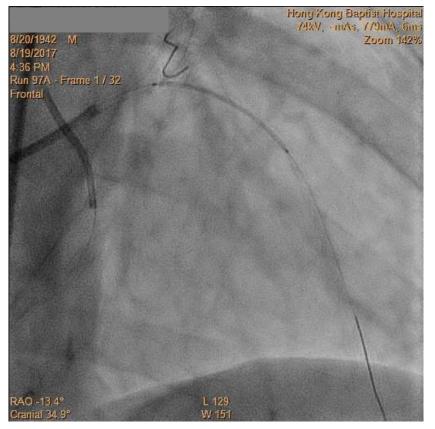
Stent balloon POBA p-mLAD @12 atm, and measured length



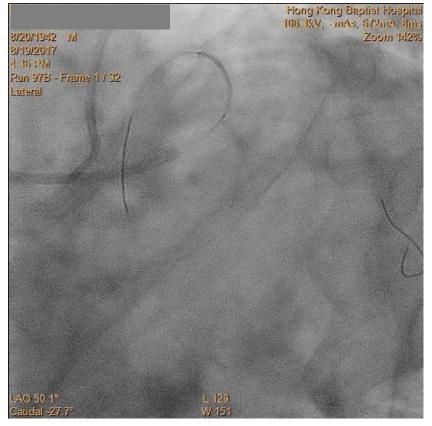


Stenting to dLMS to p-mLAD

By BioFreedom 3.5x36mm at 8 atm



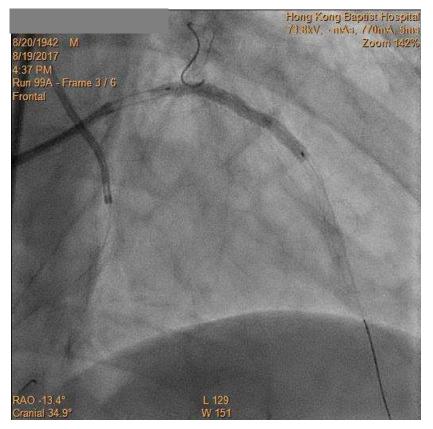
Stent balloon further dilated at 12 atm (inward & outward)



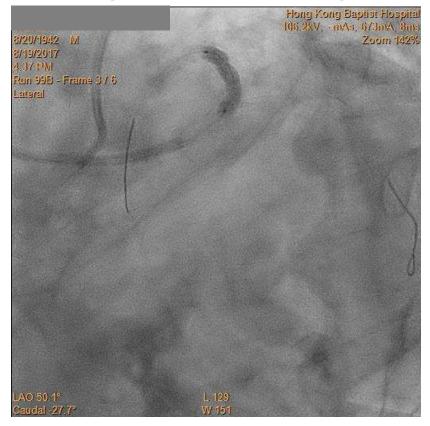


Stenting to dLMS to p-mLAD

By BioFreedom 3.5x36mm at 8 atm



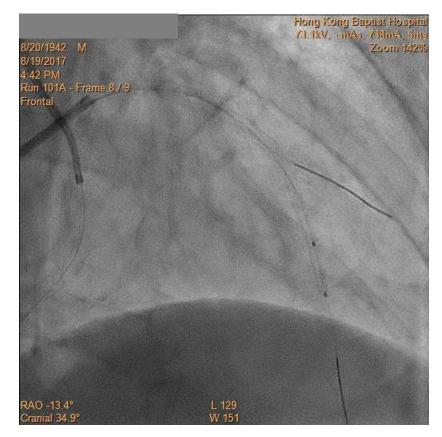
Stent balloon further dilated at 12 atm (inward & outward)





IVUS guided Post-Dilatation of LAD Instent Segments

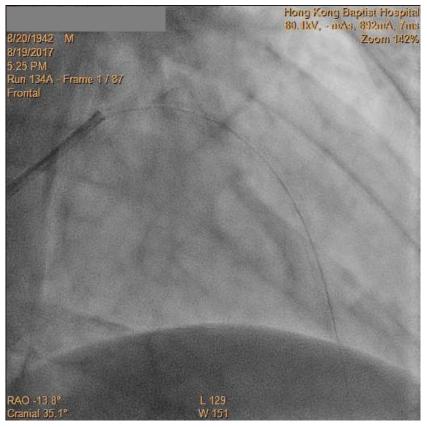
- 2.5x13mm NC up to 18 atm at m-dLAD, then
- 3.5x15mm NC up to 18 atm at p-mLAD, then
- 4.5x8mm NC at 12 atm at dLMS
- Also further POBA by 3.0x13mm NC balloon up to 18atm to p-mLAD

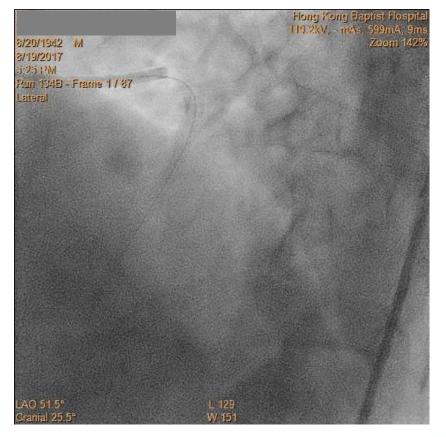




Final Angiogram

TIMI 3 flow

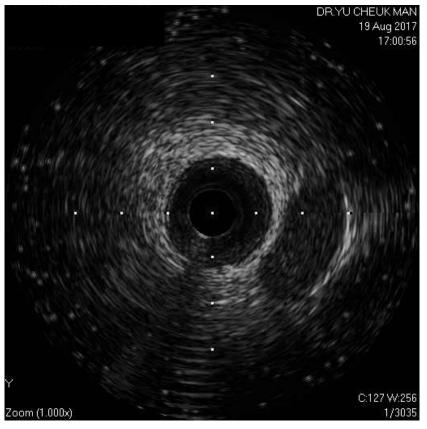






Final IVUS

Excellent stent expansion apposition, and no subintimal tract



- Echo at CCL: No pericardial effusion
- R femoral artery closed by 8F Angioseal
- BP & pulse stable during PCI, and no CHF or angina symptoms
- Transferred to HD at ICU



Progress Post-PCI

- HD on 19- & 21-8-2017 in ICU
- Creatinine peaked at 461µmol/L on 22-8-2017
- Had UTI (Foley) and treated by antibiotics
- Creatinine started to drop on 23-8-2017
- Remain stable & out of HF symptoms
- Creatinine about 200+µmol/L at discharge on 30-8-2017
- Adjusted medications for DM & HF





- No more HF symptoms & signs, and no angina
- Back to normal exercise capacity with some wt loss (central obese), and able to reduce dose of Insulin + OHA
- Creatinine dropped to 170+µmol/L 2 weeks later, and further dropped and maintained at 150+µmol/L since end of Sept 2017 till now
- Less PVCs at ECG monitoring
- NT-proBNP improved to 400+
- Echo: LV less dilated, and EF improved gradually to 45%. MR reduced to mild, and filling pressure normalized (E/E'). Normalized PASP

Case Presentation

- Current medications:
- Cartia 100mg daily, Plavix 75mg daily
- Entresto 100mg BD, Concor 1.25mg OM,
- Febuxostat 40mg daily, Colchicine 0.5mg daily
- Pantoloc 40mg daily, Lipitor 10mg daily
- Lantus 14U post-B'fast, Victoza 1.8mg N SC, Jardiance 12.5mg OM
- Others: Harnal 0.4mg N, Vannair, Spiriva



Take Home Message

- HF with recent onset of symptoms, underline multiple CV risk factors and CKD
- Poor risk candidate x CABG
- Coronary angiogram showed multiple CTO, but seems only antegrade approach feasible
- Well planned treatment strategy with multidisciplinary approach
 - □ Medical, PCI, Dialysis
 - Cardiologist, renal physicians, intensivist



professorcmyu@gmail.com

THANK YOU

